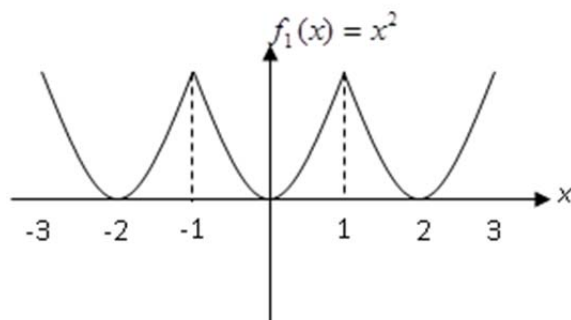


Homework 2014-05-08 工程數學(二) 2B 班 第二次個人作業

系級: _____ 學號: _____ 姓名: _____

如何用以下 Fourier 展開函數方式去求 $\sum \frac{1}{n^4}$ 

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$a_n = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx = \left(\frac{1}{n\pi}\right)^2 4 \cos(n\pi)$$

$$b_n = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 \sin(n\pi x) dx = 0$$

$$f_1(x) = \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \cos(n\pi x)$$

方法一：

$$\text{用 } f_1(1) \text{ 算 } \sum \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

方法二：透過 Parseval's theorem

$$\text{算 } \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{9} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{8}{n^4 \pi^4}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{90} \approx 1.08232$$

方法三：那我們可否靠積分兩次來算 $\sum \frac{1}{n^4} = ?$

$$x^2 = \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \cos(n\pi x)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 = \frac{1}{3} x + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x)$$

$$\frac{1}{12} x^4 = \frac{1}{6} x^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \frac{1}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi}\right) \cos(n\pi x) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{12} x^4 - \frac{1}{6} x^2 = C + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \frac{1}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi}\right) \cos(n\pi x) \text{ (好比偶函數 } a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n\pi x) \text{)}$$

上式可看成 $\frac{1}{12}x^4 - \frac{1}{6}x^2$ 的傅立葉展開

所以常數 C 可看成傅立葉的常數項

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{1}{12}x^4 - \frac{1}{6}x^2 \right) dx = \frac{-7}{180}$$

$$\frac{1}{12}x^4 = \frac{1}{6}x^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} (-1)^n \frac{1}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi} \right) \cos(n\pi x) + \frac{-7}{180}$$

令 $x=1$

$$\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{6} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-4}{\pi^4} \frac{1}{n^4} - \frac{7}{180}$$

$$\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{7}{180} = \frac{-4}{\pi^4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$$

$$\frac{\pi^4}{90} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$$

方法四：陳聖匡想要在積分一次可行嗎？