

Hermitian matrix

Real matrix	Complex matrix
a	$a + bi$
$A = A^T \quad \lambda \text{ is real}$	$\bar{A} = A^T \text{ (Hermitian)} \quad \lambda \text{ is real}$
$ \tilde{x} ^2 = \tilde{x} \cdot \tilde{x} = \tilde{x}^T \cdot \tilde{x}$	$ \tilde{x} ^2 = \tilde{x} \cdot \tilde{x} = \bar{\tilde{x}}^T \cdot \tilde{x}$
$(\tilde{x} \cdot \tilde{y}) = \tilde{x}^T \cdot \tilde{y}$	$(\tilde{x} \cdot \tilde{y}) = \bar{\tilde{x}}^T \cdot \tilde{y}$
$A^T \cdot A = I \text{ (orthogonal, 正交矩陣)}$	$\bar{A}^T \cdot A = I \text{ (unitary, 酉矩陣)}$
$(A\tilde{x}) \cdot \tilde{y} = \tilde{x} \cdot (A^T \tilde{y})$	$(A\tilde{x}) \cdot \tilde{y} = \tilde{x} \cdot (\bar{A}^T \tilde{y})$
$A = -A^T \text{ (anti,skew)}$ $\lambda = 0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \alpha & \beta \\ -\alpha & 0 & \gamma \\ -\beta & -\gamma & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$-A = \bar{A}^T \text{ (skew-Heritian)}$ $\begin{bmatrix} ai & d+ei & f+gi \\ -d+ei & bi & h+ji \\ -f+gi & -h+ji & ci \end{bmatrix}$
$\det A = \pm 1 \quad , \quad A \text{ is orthogonal}$ $\lambda_A = \pm 1 \quad , \quad A \text{ is orthogonal}$	$\det U = \pm 1 \quad , \quad U \text{ is unitary}$ $ \lambda_A = 1 \quad , \quad U \text{ is unitary}$