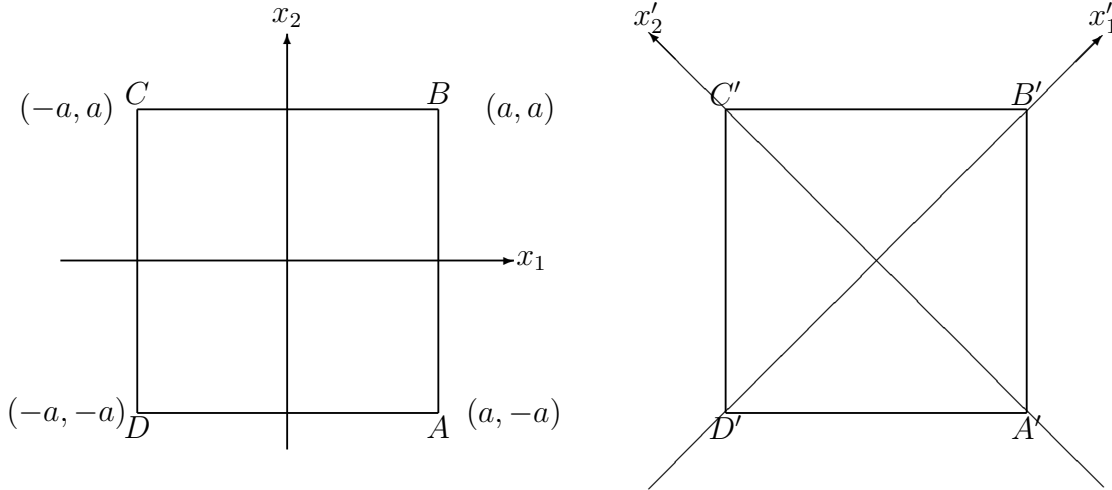


Scalar, Vector and Tensor



x_1-x_2 coordinate system $x'_1-x'_2$ coordinate system

1. Square $ABCD$ can be described in x_1x_2 and $x'_1x'_2$ coordinates.

- (1). Express the coordinates for A' , B' , C' and D' in terms of x'_1, x'_2 coordinate system.
- (2). Determine the length of \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} in both coordinates. Discuss the result.
- (3). Determine the vectors of \overrightarrow{AC} and \overrightarrow{BD} in both coordinates. Also, find the inner and outer products of \overrightarrow{AC} and \overrightarrow{BD} . Any difference between the two coordinate descriptions? Find the area of $ABCD$.
- (4). If a vector can be expressed by (v_1, v_2) and (v'_1, v'_2) in x_1-x_2 and $x'_1-x'_2$ coordinate system, respectively, find the matrix T if

$$\begin{bmatrix} v'_1 \\ v'_2 \end{bmatrix} = T \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (5). Find I_{11} , I_{12} , I_{21} and I_{22} if $I_{ij} = \int_A x_i x_j dA$.
- (6). Find $I_{1'1'}$, $I_{1'2'}$, $I_{2'1'}$ and $I_{2'2'}$ if $I_{i'j'} = \int_A x_{i'} x_{j'} dA$.
- (7). If moment of inertia can be expressed by $I_{11}, I_{12}, I_{21}, I_{22}$ and $I_{1'1'}, I_{1'2'}, I_{2'1'}, I_{2'2'}$ in x_1-x_2 and $x'_1-x'_2$ coordinate system, respectively, find the matrix A if

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{1'1'} & I_{1'2'} \\ I_{2'1'} & I_{2'2'} \end{bmatrix} = A^T \begin{bmatrix} I_{11} & I_{12} \\ I_{21} & I_{22} \end{bmatrix} A$$

- (8). Compare $I_{11} + I_{22}$ with $I_{1'1'} + I_{2'2'}$
- (9). Compare

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} I_{11} & I_{12} \\ I_{21} & I_{22} \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{with} \quad \det \begin{vmatrix} I_{1'1'} & I_{1'2'} \\ I_{2'1'} & I_{2'2'} \end{vmatrix}$$

(10). Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors for the two matrix.

2. Classify all the calculated quantities to scalar, vector or rank-2 tensor.

Tensor rank	name	physical quantity
0	scalar	
1	vector	
2	tensor(2)	