

國立台灣海洋大學工程數學(三) 第三次作業

$x - y$ coordinate	$r - \theta$ coordinate
$u(x, y)$ Scalar function	$U(r, \theta)$ Scalar function
$\underline{u}(x, y) = u_1(x, y)\underline{i} + u_2(x, y)\underline{j}$	$\underline{U}(r, \theta) = U_r(r, \theta)\hat{e}_r + U_\theta(r, \theta)\hat{e}_\theta$
$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\) = \cos\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\) - \frac{\sin\theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\)$ $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\) = \sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\) + \frac{\cos\theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\)$	
$\nabla u = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\underline{i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\underline{j}$	$\nabla U = \frac{\partial U}{\partial r}\hat{e}_r + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial U}{\partial \theta}\hat{e}_\theta$
$\nabla \cdot \underline{u} = \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u_2}{\partial y}$	$\nabla \cdot \underline{U} = \frac{\partial U_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} U_r + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial U_\theta}{\partial \theta}$
$\nabla^2 u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$	$\nabla^2 U = \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial U}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial \theta^2}$

$\underline{i}, \underline{j}$ (unit vector)	$\hat{e}_r, \hat{e}_\theta$ (unit vector)
$\begin{Bmatrix} \underline{i} \\ \underline{j} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \hat{e}_r \\ \hat{e}_\theta \end{Bmatrix}$	
$u_1(x, y)\underline{i} + u_2(x, y)\underline{j}$	$U_r(r, \theta)\hat{e}_r + U_\theta(r, \theta)\hat{e}_\theta$
$\begin{Bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} U_r \\ U_\theta \end{Bmatrix}$	

Please derive Laplacian in polar coordinate

odd numbers : $\nabla^2 u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$ to $\nabla^2 U = \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial U}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial \theta^2}$ by using

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}(\) \text{ and } \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}(\)$$

even numbers : use $\nabla^2 u = \nabla \cdot (\nabla u)$

